

CERVERA SAFE IN SANTIAGO.

Madrid Report Says He Has Slipped Into Harbor.

No Confirmation Has Been Received From Any Reliable Source.

Another Near-by Date Set For the Invasion of Cuba---Forward
Movement to Begin at Once.

MADRID, May 19.--(Special).-- Official information has been received that the Spanish Squadron, under Admiral Cervera, reported at various places since leaving Curocoa, arrived at Santiago de Cuba today without accident and is now safely at anchor in that harbor.

The newspapers announce that Admiral Camaran's squadron composed of the battleship Palayo, six cruisers and 3 torpedo-boat destroyers, will shortly sail from Cadiz. A reserve squadron will be organized at once.

An official dispatch from Havana says the American ships fired 80 shots during a bombardment of Santiago, but did no damage.

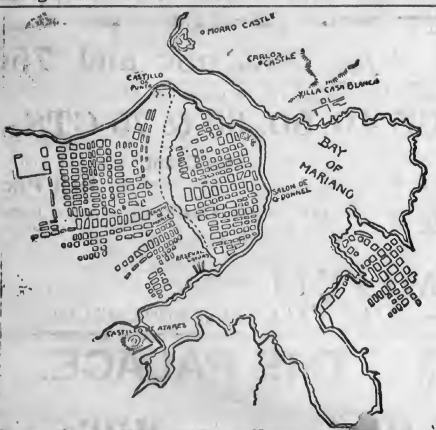


Diagram Showing Harbor and Bay at Havana, the Fortifications of Morro, with the Districted City on the Left.

Business From Now On.

Washington, D. C., May 19.--(Special).--The administration will not wait longer than this week for the naval engagement. If Sampson and Schley do not, within the next three days, succeed in rounding up the Spanish fleet, or rather, if Cervera continues to evade our vessels, then the order will be made for the immediate evasion of Cuba.

Sampson and Schley will be directed to join forces and open the way for the invading army. It is believed here among officials and others who keep a careful tab on the temperature of the administration that this is the eve of the great naval battle of the world. If, indeed, it is not the day of the battle itself. But it is largely a matter of speculation, and the government will not wait longer on a mere supposition.

1. The blockade of Cuba is no longer to be of a specific character. Warships instead of torpedo-boats will attack the Cuban fortresses, and cruisers instead of gunboats will be used in the work of cutting cables. Blanco is to be shut off from the rest of the world, and Morro Castle is to be destroyed by our ironclads.

2. The main move now is to land a sufficient force in Cuba to make harmless any Spanish expedition or reinforcements which might succeed in making a landing. To effect this, and to make thorough the work, not less than 80,000 men will be poured into the island.

S. S. S.--Sampson, Schley and Shafter.

Washington, D. C., May 19.--(Special).--The report is received here this afternoon that Schley and Sampson have formed a junction, and that orders have been sent this afternoon to Gen. Shafter to start the first troops to Cuba to-morrow. As far as I can learn, this plan will be put in operation within twenty-four hours.

GRAVES OF HEROES.

Flowers Laid Above Their Last Resting Place.

Beautiful Ceremonies at Hopewell
--Dr. De Witt's Eloquent
Address.

Not since the unveiling of the beautiful shaft which marks the last resting place of the one hundred and one nameless heroes of the Confederacy at Hopewell cemetery, have there been more appropriate and impressive ceremonies than those which took place there yesterday. Five hundred people assembled about the monument to testify by their presence and by their fragrant offerings of their devotion to the memory of the men who died while wearing the gray.

The triangular plot of earth from the center of which the granite shaft rises, was carpeted with flowers and the base of the shaft was half hidden by the beautiful designs artistically wrought by the loyal and loving hands of confederate wives and daughters.

The exercises were under the auspices of the Confederate Ladies Memorial Association for Christian county. Ned Merriwether Bivouac attended in a body and the veterans stood with uncovered heads around the monument during the exercises. Two large confederate flags waved in the breeze from the north side of the monument.

The exercises were opened with prayer by Dr. W. L. Nourse. A chorus of twenty young ladies, daughters of confederate veterans, then sang "Cover Them Over." Each confederate veteran present then deposited at the base of the monument his bouquet of flowers. A detail from the Bivouac was appointed to decorate the graves of Dr. B. S. Wood, Robt. Baker, Harry Garner, Prof. Fitzgugh and Wm. Bronaugh, all of whom were members of the Bivouac.

Miss Nanny Walker recited an appropriate poem on the "Southern Slain." Master James Chappell recited "The Stars and Bars." Rev. R. S. Carter offered a fervent prayer, after which Dr. De Witt was introduced to the audience. His address was pronounced by all one of the most beautiful and eloquent tributes to the virtues of the confederate dead ever heard upon an occasion of this character. Below is the address in full:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:--

I. There is a proper sentiment in all civilized minds that pays respect to the memory of the dead. Personal, family, community, State and National relations give emphasis to the expression of this sentiment and enjoin its perpetuation in appropriate forms and ceremonies. It has a refining and elevating influence and tendency on life and character. It deals with the most delicate and serious questions of mortal life, and awakes repeatedly reflections of the most tender nature. It would be difficult for any one to enter upon a service of memorial honors without some impressive sense of the nobler and higher part of life.

II. It may be remarked that while Christianity and our modern life underr it, only share with other life and religions a general respect for the departed. Christianity gives us the higher and nobler motive of man's immortal powers, in view of which to pay honor to those who have held intimate relationship with us in life. We feel that the intellectual and social qualities of our companions, impress us with an indescribable sense of a personal reality and influence which last with us and must last forever. Further, there are convictions and sentiments which are common possessions of few or many, which form a bond of union and endearment in the hearts of men and which lead to making common cause and common sufferings, losses, and gains. This reaches from two persons to a nation, a race, a hemisphere.

III. It is this fact and principle

which brings us together to-day and on which we are conscious of the rectitude of our motives and fitness of our actions. The men whose memory we cherish here are representative to us of a sentiment and a cause which we are ever dear and cherished, and the conviction of a just and honorable course in the great movement of 1861-5, on the part of the Southern States, holds (Continued on fourth page.)

THE COLUMBIA.

Cruising On the Atlantic Coast
But Ordered South.

Lewis, Del., May 19.--The cruiser Columbia was anchored at the breakwater last night. She sailed from the breakwater yesterday morning, and her return was presumably to receive orders. It is reported on good authority that she was ordered to join one of the squadrons.



THE COLUMBIA.

Teddy's Surgeon.

Lexington, Ky., May 19.--Dr. Casey, a local veterinary surgeon, has been nominated as regimental veterinarian in Teddy Roosevelt's aggregation of rough riding riflemen. His relative, Fred Grant, secured the place for Dr. Casey.

Mishap to the Charleston.

Vallejo, Cal., May 19.--The United States cruiser Charleston that sailed yesterday for Manila with ammunition and supplies for Admiral Dewey is back at her berth at Mare Island Navy Yard with her condensers out of order. Capt. Glass concluded that it would be better to return to the navy yard and secure the benefit of the facilities there than to repair the damage at sea. The Charleston will make another start within the next two days.

Will Not Stay at Home.

Lexington, Ky., May 19.--Corporal Jack Russell, of Company A, Third Regiment, of Bowling Green, was turned down by the Examining Board of Surgeons on account of a slight murmuring of his heart. He went to Washington, and has telegraphed Captain Clark that he succeeded in having the board's decision set aside, and secured authority to muster into the United States service.

Many Lives Lost by Storm.

Chicago, Ill., May 19.--A special from Rhinelander, Wis., reports that eighteen dead bodies lay in the station at Headford Junction. A fearful cyclone passed over all of the Northern part of Wisconsin, and there was loss of life in many places. In Michigan, Ill., and other states similar reports come. At Rockford, Ill., 11 are dead, and at Elwood several were killed.

Six Men Drowned.

Pittsburg, Mo., May 19.--(Special).--Six men were drowned here to-day, while crossing the Allegheny in a small craft.

Jerry Is Indorsed.

Hutchinson, Kan., May 19.--(Special).--The 7th district Populist to-day renominated Jerry Simpson for Congress by acclamation.

BASE BALL.

(Special). Cincinnati 5, Boston 4. Baltimore 6, Pittsburg 0. Louisville 4, Brooklyn 1. Chicago 6, Washington 7. New York 7, St. Louis 1. Philadelphia and Cleveland no game.

COMPANY D GOES TO PIECES.

Trouble Long Brewing Breaks Forth at Lexington.

Feland Resigns and Gordon Nelson is Elected Captain.

Bradley Refuses to Appoint Nelson and Tries to Foist a Henchman Upon Hopkinsville Boys.

"There is trouble in the Hopkinsville Company, which has caused it to divide down from eighty-four men to fifty-eight to-night, with the prospect of losing several more. Capt. John Feland is in command of the company, and was a check for \$1,000 with which to equip it by John C. Latham, of New York City, a former citizen of Hopkinsville. Since arriving in Lexington the recruits to the company, which was one of the best in the State Guards, have become dissatisfied. Lieut. Bassett has gone home for recruits, and his arrival to-morrow with enough men to fill out the muster roll is confidently expected by Capt. Feland."

The above was sent to the Courier-Journal by its Lexington correspondent, and appeared in yesterday's issue of that paper. It does not tell one-half of the story. The trouble hinted at has culminated in the disbandment of the Company and by to-morrow night it is probable that all of the young men who left here two weeks ago in such high spirits, with drums beating, and flags flying, will be with their families again.

Lieut. Bassett has returned to Lexington. That is true enough. But he did not take any recruits back with him, and the muster roll of Capt. Feland's Company will not be "filled out." The Captain's "confident expectation" to the contrary. Lieut. Bassett had secured all the recruits he desired yesterday. Thirty-one young men stood ready to leave with him for Lexington. He kept the wires hot yesterday asking for orders and instructions. He telegraphed Col. Smith: he telegraphed Lieut. Payne: he telegraphed Capt. John Feland. From the latter he has never received a word in response.

While at the armory last night with his recruits, awaiting orders from Lexington, these two messages were received:

LEXINGTON, KY., May 19.
LIEUT. BASSETT:--
Can't secure transportation; let them go.
R. C. PAYNE.

LEXINGTON, KY., May 19.
LIEUT. BASSETT:--
Can not get transportation; Company bursted.
T. J. SMITH,
Colonel.

Lieut. Bassett read these dismal messages to his recruits.

The would-be soldiers saw their glorious dreams of glory fields and victorious banners vanish. With heavy hearts they realized that the "ear piercing fire and the soul-stirring drum" were not for them; that their hopes of following Capt. Feland to victory, until the stars and stripes were planted in triumph upon the Governor General's palace at Havana, were blasted. It was a sad disappointment to these ambitious and patriotic young men.

The news of the situation at Lexington spread fast. The wind seemed to catch and scatter it over the city. Groups upon the street corners discussed it. The young men who had but lately returned

from Lexington, were piled with questions concerning the cause of the trouble. Fathers of boys who were at Frankfort, came to the KENTUCKIAN office last night, to ascertain the facts.

It seems that several agencies have contributed to this unfortunate condition of affairs. In the first place a number of men were taken to Lexington who had declared their intention not to join the army. They were made to believe that their presence at Lexington was required. When volunteers for the service were called for upon the completion of the examinations, they did not offer, and these men have returned home. Whether justly or not Capt. Feland is censured by many for having these men to go to Lexington.

Since the arrival of the Hopkinsville company at Lexington their captain's conduct has not been such as to shed glory or luster upon them. The KENTUCKIAN does not propose to enter into a discussion of the charges that are made against him. Certain it is that many of the men who were under him have been open in their protests against his actions and hold him responsible in a large measure for the unfortunate situation that now confronts the company. The young men have been placed in an awkward and humiliating attitude, it may or may not be through Captain Feland's agency. Hopkinsville was proud of the boys who sent forth and had every reason to feel that they would acquit themselves with honor and credit. She felt that her company was equal in courage and patriotism to any organization from the sister cities. That a great injustice has been done these boys is self evident. That they feel it keenly no one doubts and they can rely upon the sympathy of their people at home.

A private telegram received last night is to the effect that Capt. Feland had resigned and that the company had elected its former captain, Gordon Nelson, in his place. The Governor refused to issue Capt. Nelson his commission and appointed Noel Gaines of Frankfort to the captaincy. This was resented by the men as an unjust and unwarranted invasion of their rights and with spirit and manly courage they refused to be mustered in under the Frankfort henchman of Gov. Bradley.

A number of gentlemen in this city, who have sons and brothers in the company, expressed themselves as highly displeased with Capt. Feland's course and are disposed to attribute all of the trouble to him.

The KENTUCKIAN last night wired an officer of the Third Regiment asking from him a statement of the facts. He refused to discuss the matter, saying that the facts were well understood by those members of the company who had returned.

The Daily Kentuckian.

Published every morning except Monday, by
OSCAR M. BRADSHAW, 212 S. Main.

Delivered by carriers to all parts of the city at
10 CENTS PER WEEK.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

PER MONTH35. PER WEEK10.

Six thousand tons of Welsh coal, intended for Cervara's fleet has reached Porto Rico in safety.

Two sons of Henry Watterson have enlisted in the army, as members of the Louisville Legion.

Gen. Merritt's army to occupy the Philippines will be composed of 5,000 regulars and 9,000 volunteers.

The election of Bishops at the Baltimore Conference, seems to have been something on the order of a Hoax race.

The war fever is said to be decreasing in Spain. Perhaps when Cervara's fleet has been destroyed, the fever will disappear entirely.

Why should Uncle Sam lie flat on his back with his eyes shut and his mouth open, waiting for the Spaniards to step into his open jaws? The thing to do is to scour the seas and let no foreign foe escape.

The rough treatment given the soldier boys at Lexington has made many of them come to the conclusion that they would rather be "battle-scarred" than battle-scarred veterans.

The recent troubles of Secretary Alger, growing out of his official position, did not interfere with the capers of Cupid in his family circle. His daughter, Miss Frances Alger, was married Wednesday to Charles B. Pike, of Chicago.

After a long illness, the Honorable William Ewart Gladstone, the Grand Old Man of England, passed away yesterday morning. He was surrounded by his family and quietly ceased to breathe, his life ebbing away like one falling to sleep.

Uncle Ben Keys, of Calloway, has received his regular semi-annual nomination for Congress in the First district, on the ticket of the Middle-of-the-road Populists. G. W. Reeves, of Ballard, ran him a close race in the convention at Princeton and came within seven votes of beating the "old warhorse," as his followers call him.

The opinion is general in Congress and also prevalent universally among the people that Havana should at once be attacked and forced to capitulate. We now have in addition to 28,000 regulars, 95,000 volunteers already mustered in and ready for business, and the entire Navy is in Cuban waters. If we are ever to do any business, why the delay? Havana should be captured or destroyed before Saturday night and Blanco sent to the United States as a prisoner of war before the end of May.

Many of the boys who went to Lexington full of martial enthusiasm have quickly wearied of soldier life and there have been numerous desertions. Much of the blame for this is laid at the door of the examining surgeons who have been so rigid in passing upon men that it has been difficult to fill the companies. After they are filled more delay in mustering them in gives the homesick boys a chance to desert. No regiment is yet completed and few of the companies have their full rosters.

The Alabama, the big battleship launched this week, is to be one of the best warships afloat. She is the first of the three new ships of her type, the other two being the Wisconsin and the Illinois. The general dimensions of the Alabama class are as follows: Length over all, 374 feet; breadth, 72 feet; free board forward, 20 feet; freeboard abaft the after turret, 13 feet 3 inches; draught, 23 feet 6 inches; displacement, 11,520 tons. The guaranteed speed is to be 16 knots and the estimated horsepower, 10,000. The maximum thickness of armor on the water line is 16½ inches, tapering to 9½ inches at the bottom of the belt. The casemate armor is 5½ inches thick, and the superstructure armor is of the same thickness. The armor of the 13-inch gun turrets is 15 inches thick, except the port side plate, which is 17 inches.

THE GREAT OLD MAN

England's Illustrious Commoner Passes Away.

After a Lingering Illness, the End Came Yesterday Morning at 5 O'clock.

Hawarden, May 19.—Gladstone died at 5 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Gladstone had been unconscious practically all day, though at times he seemed to recognize for a moment some of the watchers about him.

Great Man's Career.

The late Right Honorable William Ewart Gladstone, M. P., K. C., was the fourth son of the late Sir John Gladstone, Bart., of Fasque, County Kincardine, N. B., a merchant of Liverpool, was born there Dec. 29, 1809. He was educated at Eton and Christ Church, Oxford, taking a double first-class in 1831. Having spent some time in a continental tour, he was returned at the general election in December, 1832, in the Conservative interest for Newark and entered Parliament just as the struggle of parties was at its height.

On January 25, 1833, he entered Lincoln's Inn, and when he had been a member for six years and three months, petitioned to have his name removed from the books of the society on the ground of his having given up his intention of being called to the bar. Sir Robert Peel, in December, 1834, appointed him to a junior lordship of the Treasury, and in February, 1835, Under Secretary for Colonial Affairs.

Mr. Gladstone retired from office with his ministerial life in April and remained in opposition until Sir Robert Peel's return to power in September, 1841. On accepting office under Sir Robert Peel in 1841 as Vice President of the Board of Trade and Master of the Mint, Mr. Gladstone was sworn a member of the Privy Council.

In August, 1848, he was elected for the University of Oxford. In the Parliament of 1847-52 the question of university reform and the removal of Jewish disabilities were agitated. On the formation of the "coalition" ministry under the Earl of Aberdeen in December, 1851, Mr. Gladstone was appointed to the Chancellorship of the Exchequer.

After the breaking up of the Aberdeen administration at the beginning of 1855, Mr. Gladstone at first continued to occupy the same post, but he resigned in the course of a few weeks.

In 1858 he published an elaborate work on Homer, and in July, 1861, he was solicited to become a candidate in the Liberal interest for South Lancashire, but refused to forsake his former constituents. Having been rejected by the University of Oxford at the general election in July, 1865, Mr. Gladstone was returned for South Lancashire. After the death of Lord Palmerston, he became leader of the House of Commons, retaining the Chancellorship of the Exchequer in Lord Russell's second administration.

On the resignation of Mr. Disraeli's ministry in December, 1868, Mr. Gladstone succeeded that statesman as First Lord of the Treasury, and for the last 30 years his public career had been the most illustrious in English history.

On March 3 Mr. Gladstone, in an audience with the Queen, gave up the seals of office. A successful operation was performed two months later by which the catarrh was removed. His long connection with the House of Commons terminated in 1895, as he did not seek reelection.

Since that period Mr. Gladstone rarely took any part in public affairs.

Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone left London for Cannes Nov. 25, 1897, and arrived at the latter place three days later. They remained there for nearly three weeks and the

homeward trip was begun on the 6th of February last and they reached London soon after.

MRS. WILGUS DEAD.

Expired Unexpectedly at Louisville Yesterday Morning.

Mrs. Sallie Cook Wilgus, wife of Mr. W. A. Wilgus, died at the Jeanie Cassidy Infirmary, Louisville, yesterday morning at 2:30 o'clock. Her health had not been good for some time, but recently she improved in strength and was able to go to Louisville for treatment at the hospital, where she died. The news of her death so unexpectedly was a great shock to her wide circle of friends. Mr. Wilgus was with her at the time and will come with the body to-day.

Mrs. Wilgus was a lady of the noblest and most lovable character. She was the only daughter of Dr. E. R. Cook, and was born and reared near this city. Mrs. Cook was a Miss Campbell, and a representative of one of the most prominent families of Hopkinsville. No young lady ever a factor in local society was more popular than Miss Sallie Cook. Her many endearing qualities, her sunny disposition, her vivacity and always pleasant and charming personality, made her a reigning belle, and a lady of the widest popularity with all who enjoyed her acquaintance.

On June 28, 1883, she was married to Mr. Wilgus.

As a daughter, she was loving and dutiful; as a wife, a devoted helpmate; as a friend, true and lasting; and as a neighbor, kind and attentive. She will be missed in the home circle, in the sick room, where she was always a welcome assistant, and in the realm of society, where no lady in the city had more friends or more devoted ones.

The casket bearing the remains, accompanied by the stricken husband, will arrive this morning and funeral services will be held from the residence of Dr. Cook this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Elder H. D. Smith, of the Christian church, will conduct the brief service to be held at the house, and Rev. R. S. Carter, of the Episcopal church, of which Mrs. Wilgus was a member, will officiate at the grave.

Hopkinsville Tobacco Market.

(Reported by J. H. Eggleston, of Cummings & Eggleston Co., (Incorporated), buy and order of dealer in and handler of leaf tobacco.)

May 19, 1898.—Increased receipts and large offerings with a good demand for all grades, and good season for setting the weed, were the leading features of the week. The offerings this week as a whole were rather poor while there were a few scattering hogheads of good to fine leaf. Highest price this week was 15½c. All Bremen, Italian, Austrian, and wrapper styles were taken freely at satisfactory prices to sellers. Common nonscrip leaf and lugs were taken by the speculators, who were out in full force. The weather has been very favorable this week with a fine setting season on the 16th inst., and in some locations 50 per cent. of the intended planting is set, while in other sections the season was not sufficient to set. There is some complaint of the cut worm cutting the plant down as fast as set. However as there are a plenty of them yet, there is no cause for alarm.

Offerings this week about 50 Hds.

QUOTATIONS.	
Low lugs,	2 00c to 2 50
Common lugs,	2 50c to 3 00
Medium lugs,	3 00c to 4 00
Good lugs,	4 00c to 5 50
Low leaf,	6 00c to 6 50
Common leaf,	6 50c to 7 50
Medium leaf,	8 00c to 10 00
Good leaf,	11 00c to 14 00
Fine Leaf,	14 50c to 18 00
Selections,	None offered.

Will Receive Bids.

We will be at the mouth of the Locust lane, near Beverly, Ky., on Monday, May 23, 1898, at 9 a. m. to give specifications to those who desire to bid on contract for grading, metaling, and re-metaling the Palmyra road from the end of Palmyra pike to Liberty church.

Right reserved to reject any and all bids.

JNO. Y. OWLSLEY, Com'r.

THOS. H. MAJOR

Summer Vacation Notice.

The I. C. R. R. will sell summer excursion tickets as follows: Cerebus Springs and return..... 80c Dawson Springs and return..... \$1.70 Crittendon Spgs and return..... 8.35 Grayson Springs and return..... 5.80 Return limit 30 days from date of sale. E. M. SEAWOOD, Agt.

Tremendous Sacrifice IN NEW GOODS JO. METZ'S STORE,

The Great Hopkinsville Mecca
For Economical Buyers
THE PUBLIC

Is invited to inspect my large stock of Spring Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing, etc., before making their purchases. Everything new and up-to-date in all departments.

See Our Ready-To-Wear Suits,
They are "Dandies," made by the best tailors and from THE BEST CLOTH.

IN SHOES we have the Best. All the Latest Styles.
GIVE US A CALL AND WE WILL PLEASE YOU.

Remember the Place—Next Door to Hardwick's
Ladies' and Childrens' Slippers.

Are you interested in the prices of Ladies' and Childrens' Slippers?
IF SO, this is an opportunity that you can't afford to miss. To close these lines out right away we have decided to cut the 1-2 IN TWO. All of our ladies' and childrens' slippers

AT HALF PRICE!
Our Little Giant shoes and slippers are the best wearing goods brought to this market and every one who has ever tried them will testify the truth of this assertion

200 PAIRS
Ladies' Plain Needle and Coin Toe Slippers,
WORTH 75c, 1.00, 1.25 and 1.50
CUT PRICE 40c, 50c, 65c and 75c.

250 pairs childrens' black kid and tan oxfords, worth 75c, 1.00, 1.25, and 1.50.
CUT PRICE 40, 50, 65 & 75 CTS.

We will also put in this sale our entire line of Little Giant black kid and tan button spring heel shoes, sizes from 5s to 13s at same big reduction, Half Price.

REMEMBER we are still selling Clothing at prime Eastern New York Cost.

MAMMOTH
CLOTHING & SHOE CO.

THE PRESENT CRISIS!
THE POST-DISPATCH

Is the Only
St. Louis Paper

With Its Own Staff Correspondents at all Points of Interest.
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At Madrid—Mr. A. E. Houghton.
At Washington—Mr. Stephen Bonnal.
At New York—Mr. Morton Watkins.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY IN

THE POST -- DISPATCH.
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WANTED—AN IDEA Who can think of a new idea? Patent your ideas! They may bring you wealth. Write JOHN W. HEDDEN, BUREAU OF PATENT ATTORNEYS, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 prize offer.

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Do you expect to do any papering? We will send you free a large selection of samples from 30 per cent off. All new colorings and novelties up to date. WE PAY FREIGHT. We want an agent in every town to sell on commission from large sample books. No capital required. For samples or particulars, address

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THE PALACE.

Millinery. ♦ Millinery.

Outdoing others. Outdoing ourselves, in value giving. Greater Bargains, more Bargains than ever before. We are selling cheaper because we are selling more. We have

Hats trimmed in the latest styles.
Sailors in all the new shapes and colors.
Ribbons, flowers, veillings, chiffon and nets for trimming.
Have you seen our line of new belts?
Jewel belts, leather belts, kid gloves, corsets, Hosiery, handkerchiefs, etc. Bargains speak for themselves.

Mrs. Ada Layne.

THE LEADER...

Will have a few choice summer patterns on display

WEDNESDAY, MAY 4.

See them before buying.

MME. FLEURETTE LEVY.

GRAVES OF HEROES.

(Continued from first page.)

with sagacious tenacity to the sentiment that the lives which were lost in defense of the principles which were at stake, were as truly sacrificed on the altar of patriotism as any which were ever given in defense of justice and right in the annals of human struggles. The people of the Confederate States of America, were not actuated by sudden and passionate impulses, but by the enlightened understanding and profound love of principles, rights, and policies which were to them the true interpretation of the constitution of their government under the old flag, and when they found it necessary in their view to sever their connection with the Federal Union, they did so because they believed firmly that their inalienable civil rights were utterly imperiled and the time for action had come. The proof of this is clearly seen in the organization of a government of admirable quality intellectual and moral, of a constitution thoroughly republican in its elements and form, of an articulated system of State and National interests and policies, of an army of the best and bravest men possible to be enlisted in maintenance of its cause, led by commanders whose eminent military ability and marvelous excellence are recognized by Christendom, provision for whose support was most cheerfully made, not by the central government alone but by every state in the Confederacy, by counties, cities, towns, neighborhoods, families and individual men and women, and the objects of whose bloody and waisting contention were kept boldly forward before all the world through a period of four stormy years. Such was the depth of their convictions, and such was the power of their purposes that they never yielded nor surrendered until physical exhaustion forced the dire necessity upon their unwilling spirits. It is something of a national and military wonder that a body of people situated as were the citizens of the Southern States, almost without anything as munition of war, and without an army, should be able to embattle a mighty host, gradually provide it with arms and ammunition and maintain a fierce and powerful conflict with a far inferior foe possessed of illimitable resources in money, facilities and men, and prolong that struggle with such astonishing displays of skill, power and endurance. It seems incredible that 60,000 men could withstand the onslaughts of 2,000,000 other men and keep the camp fires burning and the necessary supplies at hand for effective and invincible service. It is an evidence of the courage, integrity and devotion of the American character as especially exemplified by the citizen soldiery of the Southern States. Manhood never had a harder illustration or manifested a firmer faith in a cause which was believed to be just, honorable and right.

IV. Another most important element in the character and action of the men who wrought the results we honor to-day is that of their religious faith and practice. A special examination of that subject which has been my privilege lately to make, has deeply impressed me with the definite, controlling and sustaining power of the religion of the people of the South. If this was the suitable occasion I should be glad to read to you a record which I have made on this subject to set forth to your sympathetic hearts the prevailing influence of the Bible and gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ in the whole history, personality conduct and public career, civil and military, of the people and government of the Confederate States. In brief, Bible societies were organized and thousands of Bibles, testaments and tracts were printed and circulated—newspapers published and distributed by tens of thousands. Chaplains, ministers, special missionaries, served the armies. An army church was organized by the ministers of all denominations; incessant labors were performed; many, many thousand men were converted in the armies. From Generals down to Corporals and privates became Christians. Sunday Schools, anti-slavery societies, Bible circles, reading clubs were organized; systematic book and tract distribution carried on and every practicable institution established and worked to bring religion to bear on the whole popu-

lation and especially the army. The churches and people at home during the war kept a volume—mighty volume of prayer—ascending to God almost incessantly. The President—facile principium—was a devout Christian and almost every man about him was. Lee, Johnston, Jackson, Bragg, Hood, Hill, Stuart and Stewart, Gordon, Lowrey, nearly every great general and subordinate without number were Christian men, hundreds of them living and dying with devotion to Christ and to the country they loved. Cromwell, Hornloke, Gordon, Wolsey, and the "Iron Duke" were Christians, but there is no record of such national and continental religious work under them as was under Robert E. Lee and Joseph E. Johnston. Presidential proclamations, Commanding General orders and State Governors, proclamations provided for fast and thanksgiving days at various times. Thus war promoted a genuine and general religious feeling and trust in God. It was a great force in holding the body of the Southern people steady to the practices of intelligent social, civil and pure life and did much to produce that general and complete acquiescence in the issues of the war by which the whole scheme of the separate confederacy was destroyed and the States restored to their places in the Federal Union. Never was there a grander scene than that of a magnificent people accepting with marvelous grace the utter breaking down of their grand governmental house and the reunion of States and citizens in full measure of responsibility under the flag of those with whom they had for years been in deadly conflict. No Mexico or South America for them. Patience, wisdom and fidelity met every offer of equal rights and burdens restored on the part of the United States, and so with steady step and indomitable will they present the path of duty and labor with self-respect and honor, with genuine faith and signal ability, bearing their past to the eyes of history and the coming generations of men, working out a noble destiny by honest toil and independent conduct, providing for their own helplessness, and building up the common country by the works of genuine manhood which commands the respect of the world.

V. And now as we turn to the existing conditions, we feel that the scene is thoroughly inspiring. The exigencies of the country have called forth the patriotism of the whole country and we see the North and the South, with a broad enthusiasm, emulating the best days of the republic, in response to the call of the President for troops to fight the battle of humanity and mercy, as in 1861 we gave our boys for the conflict, so in 1898. Others are responding to the proclamation and not now as then for war between the States, but side by side in the common struggle for the liberty, happiness, and general well-being of the oppressed people. It is a happy thing to be living to-day, and witness the glorious position and development of our happy land. And while we enter heartily into the spirit of this occasion and lay our tributes of followers on grass-grown graves with tender memories that never die, we stand by the flag which is the symbol of our country's honor and happiness and like our heartiest prayers to God for the success of arms that shall quickly and finally bring about peace."

Dr. De Witt concluded his eloquent address by reading the beautiful poem from the pen of a Northern lady, "The Blue and the Gray," which tells how the ladies of Mississippi decorated the graves of Confederates and Federals alike, thus paying a beautiful and touching tribute to American valor and heroism.

Capt C. D. Bell, of Bell Station, attended the Confederate Memorial services yesterday.

CUT THIS OUT.
One 3 lb. Can best Tomatoes for 7 cents, if presented with this coupon.
Good only for one day
Friday, May 19th
W. T. COOPER & CO.
Red Front.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Mrs. Thomas Ward, of Beverly, spent yesterday in the city.

Mrs. W. H. Jefferson, of South Christian, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Thurman, of Gracy, were shopping in the city yesterday.

Ed R. Bogard and R. J. Carothers, of Lafayette, were in the city yesterday.

Mrs. W. E. Rives is home after a pleasant visit to relatives at Trenton.

Mrs. John Bullard has returned after a pleasant ten days' visit to relatives at Huntsville, Ala.

Squire M. B. King, a loyal veteran, of Church Hill, was present yesterday at the memorial exercises.

Mr. D. M. Whitaker, of Casky, was in the city yesterday to attend the memorial exercises at the cemetery.

Mr. E. E. Wash, of Wallonia, one of Trigg county's most prosperous planters, was in the city yesterday.

Miss Amanda Ewing, of White Plains, Hopkins county, who has been visiting Mrs. J. F. Wells, left yesterday for Madisonville to attend a session of the Hopkins County Teachers' Institute. She will return to spend the summer with Mrs. Wells.

Mrs. Becky Levy Jacobus, of Nashville, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Fleurette Levy. Mrs. Jacobus is well known and very popular in this city, having appeared here in several operas given by local talent. She is the possessor of a marvelously sweet soprano voice. Mrs. Jacobus will sing a solo at Grace Episcopal church Sunday.

A Pleasant Party.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Ware entertained number of friends last night complimentary to Mrs. John Clardy, of Gracy, and her guests, Misses Aline Cleveland, of Houston, Texas, Maliza Moore, of Owensboro, and Mamie Massie, of Vernon, Texas.

The guests were: Misses Mary Barbour, Mary Flack; Edith Boulware, Belle Moore, Madge Fairleigh, Let Fairleigh, Willie Rust and Eva Nash; Messrs. Tom Fairleigh, Bob Wooldridge, Henry Tandy, Harry Bryan, Jack Moore, Wallace Kelly, Rodger Harrison, Howe Wallace and Will Trice.

Board of Equalizers.

The City Board of Equalization consisting of Messrs. Charles Knight, Ed Blakemore and R. M. Hurt, met yesterday and will remain in session several days. They will make a careful inspection of the city assessor's books and fix a date in the near future for hearing complaints and grievances.

Miss Graham's Guests.

Miss Katie Graham, the popular and accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Graham, is giving a house party this week at her beautiful home near Casky. Her guests are Misses Susie McCombs, Alma Paine, Mary Garnett, and Susie Williams, of Pembroke; and Bessie Garth, of Trenton.

Gen. Merritt's army to occupy the Philippines will be composed of 5,000 regulars and 9,000 volunteers.

The Columbia Chainless



Is a Grand Success

and the only chainless that has given success and has proven itself so. We have them on exhibition, as well as a number of Columbia make of chain wheels from \$24 to \$74.

We carry the best assortment of Bicycle Sundries and Repairing of all kinds. We do all kinds of expert repairing; all work promptly done. We are headquarters for Gas Bicycle Lamp and Carbine. Give us a call. Yours to please,

E. M. MOSS & CO.

HERE AND THERE.

Private boarding by Mrs. M. E. Willis, at W. W. Ware place.

If you want nice strawberries don't forget to call on Chas. Dattilo, for he always carries a nice line of them and also a nice line of French candies. No 205 South Main street.

The Western Kentucky Sunday-School Convention, of the colored Baptists, began a four days' session at the Main Street Baptist church yesterday.

The Bohemian Art club will meet this afternoon at 2 o'clock with Mrs. F. W. Dabney on East 7th street. They discuss the great English landscape painter, Turner.

Drs. J. T. Reddick and H. T. Rivers will become proprietors of the Boyd-White Infirmary, at Paducah, to succeed Dr. Frank Boyd, who was appointed surgeon of the Third Kentucky Regiment of Volunteers.

Lucas Dulin, the five year old son of Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Dulin, died at his parents' home, five miles South of the city at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. The body was interred at the home place yesterday afternoon.

Rev. J. B. Anderson, of Madisonville, was elected president and Rev. B. J. Garrett, secretary. J. W. Waddell was appointed on the enrollment and C. T. Vaughan on the finance committee. J. W. Davis preached last night. The delegates present number about 150, who have been assigned homes.

Garland B. Jefferson filed his commission from the Governor in the County Court last Friday and qualified as Police Judge of the city of Cadiz. W. C. White and Arthur C. Burnett are his sureties. Judge Jefferson has been studying law for a year, and is in a position to make the town a splendid judicial officer.—Telephone.

Judge R. P. Turnley will operate Cerulean Springs during the coming season. He will probably have a partner with him, but who it will be has not yet been made public. The opening will be about the middle of June. Judge Turnley is a clever gentleman, and will certainly make a splendid host at this popular summer resort.—Cadiz Telephone.

Gaither & West Tobacco Sales.
Leaf: 9 hds. from \$10.75 to 13.75; 21 from \$8.50 to \$10.75; 37 from \$6.00 to \$8.50; hds. lugs at from \$235 to \$5.00.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Corrected Daily By Ben Rawlins, Banker and Broker, Hopkinsville, Ky.

Chicago Market.			
	Op'g	High	Closing
July Wheat	1 06	1 07 1/2	1 07
Cash Wheat			1 40
July Corn	35 1/2	36 1/2	35 3/4
July Oats	26 1/2	26 3/4	26
July Pork			29 1/2
July Lard	6 62	6 70	6 67
July Ribs	6 37	6 37	6 47

Hotel Henderson.

Entirely new and first-class in all respects. Excellent sample rooms and service unequalled in the city. On Double Car Line. C. F. & L. P. Kline, Prop., Henderson, Ky.

Ammunition

That Brings Down The Business—

Best Goods, Fairest Prices
From any shelf, counter or table in the store we can convince you of this.

Here Are a Few Examples.



- 25c a yard all wool fancy dress goods.
- 48c a yard for a line of splendid new novelties, stylish and good.
- 4c Ladies jersey ribbed vests, low neck, no sleeves.
- 10c Ladies fine bleached list vests, faced neck and arms.
- 8c Men's fine seamless socks, fast black and mixtures, soft quality, fine gauge.
- 48c Men's handsome madras laundered negligee shirts.
- 15c Ladies 40 gauge fast black seamless hose. Equal to 25c goods elsewhere.
- 15c Children's fine fast black and tan hose, double knee. Equal to 25c goods elsewhere.
- 10c All linen towels, good size, excellent quality.
- 5c Ladies Simpson's black and white, fancy satines and indigo blue prints.
- 44c Extra value, satine strip corsets, 2 side steels, perfect fitting.
- 9c splendid amoskag A. F. C. fine dress gingham in new and handsome effects.

Dassett
WRECKERS OF HIGH PRICES

Nail the Colors To the Mast

For we will "fight the ship" while a plank's afloat or a man survives. Now is the time for action, as it is daily being proven "that to the victor belongs the spoils."

Our customers have been afforded an opportunity to secure the spoils, in as much as we furnish them with by far the best goods for the money.

NO SURRENDER

Is still our motto and we maintain the fight against all competition. A steady bombardment has effected some of our out ports but has left some of our main lines in tact, and we are still fortified with big lots of

WEAR RESISTER SHOES
FOR MEN AT - - \$2.00 PAIR.
Leader shoes for ladies at \$1.50 pair.
Elegant silk vesting top shoes, for ladies at \$2.00 pair.
Yours for peace or war and always for trade.

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THE DAILY KENTUCKIAN.
Only 10 Cents a Week.
Delivered at your door by 6 o'clock.